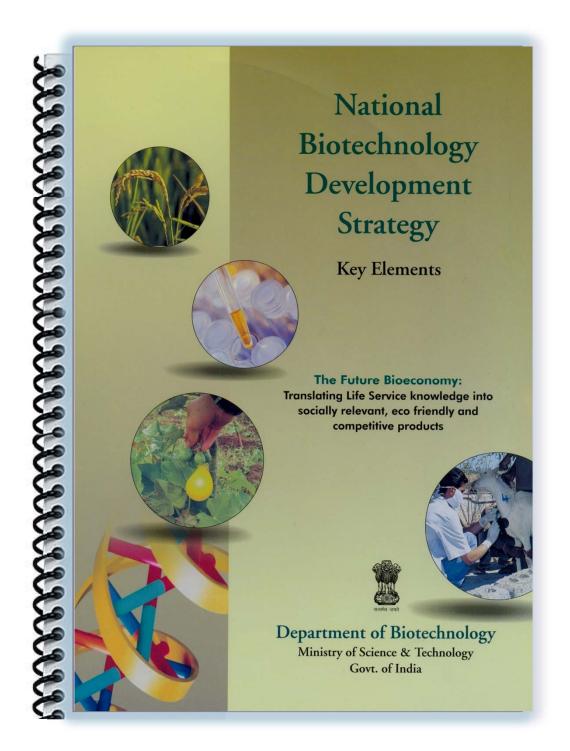
Empowering and Enabling the Biotech Innovation Ecosystem



Dr. Renu Swarup, Adviser, Department of Biotechnology &

Managing Director, BIRAC

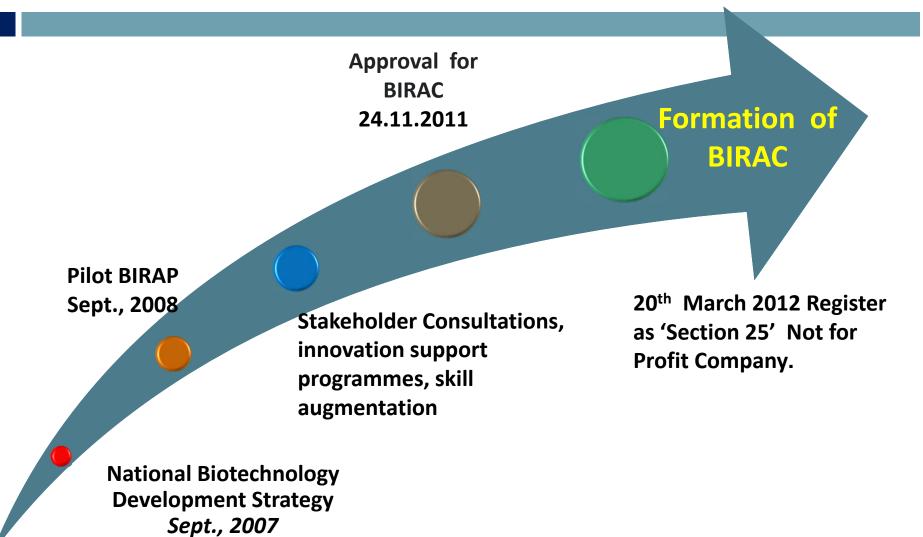


BIRAC to Nurture Industry R&D

30% budget to be spent on PPP



How we moved.....





Our Focus-

To strengthen and empower the emerging Biotech enterprise to undertake strategic research and innovation, addressing nationally relevant product development needs.

BIRAC Vision-

"To Stimulate, foster and enhance the strategic research and innovation capabilities of the Indian biotech industry particularly SME's, to make India globally competitive in biotech innovation and entrepreneurship, for creation of affordable products addressing the needs of the largest section of society."

BIRAC Mission-

"Facilitate and mentor the generation and translation of innovative ideas into biotech products and services by the industry, promote academia — industry collaboration, international linkages and encourage techno entrepreneurship and enable creation and sustainability of viable bio-enterprises."



BIRAC Strategies

Foster innovation and entrepreneurship in all places of research
Promote affordable innovation in key social sectors
Higher focus on start ups & small and medium enterprises
Contribute through partners for capability enhancement
Encourage diffusion of innovation through partners
Enable commercialization of discovery
Ensure global competitiveness of Indian enterprises



BIRAC Verticals

- Fostering innovation and Enterprise Building:
 - Fostering Innovation
 - Knowledge, Technology Mapping and Management
 - Technology Transfer, Licensing and Acquisition

Provide enabling services for promoting the innovation ecosystem

Build Strategic Alliances – National & International



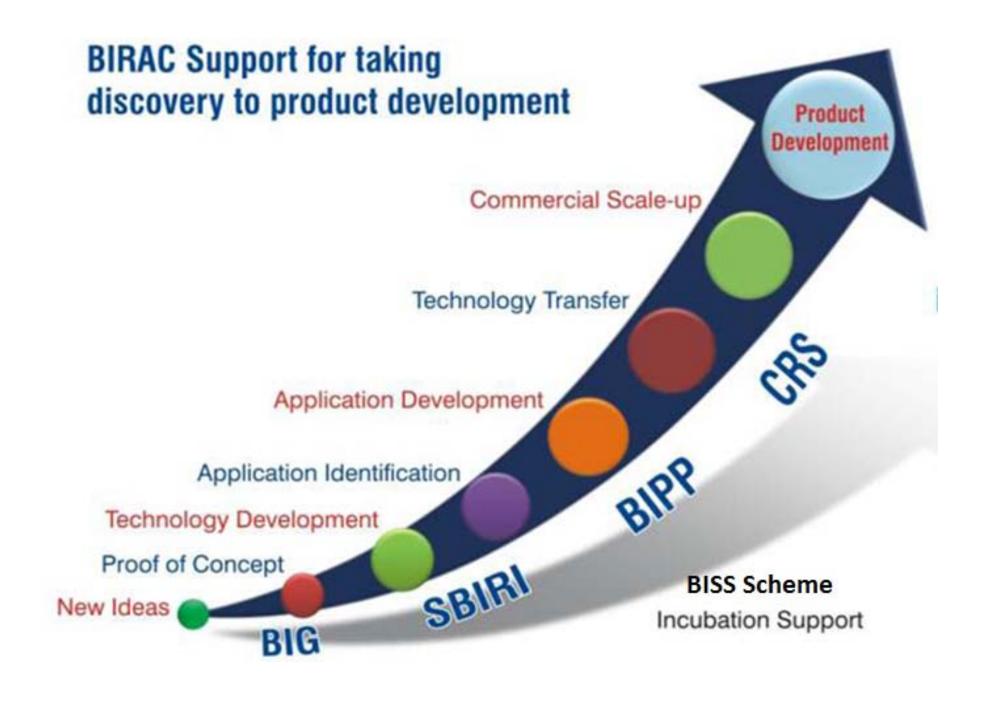
How does BIRAC accomplish its Mission

Ensuring Entitlements

- Ignite new Ideas- Biotech Ignition Grant Scheme (BIG)
- Support early stage research for proof of concept validation — Small Business Innovation Research Initiative (SBIRI)
- Partnership with industry for high risk discovery led innovation research – Biotechnology Industry Partnership Programme (BIPP)
- Facilitating technology validation and development – Contract Research Scheme (CRS)

Empowering for Achieving Excellence

- Create world class quality Incubation space (Bio-incubators) for entrepreneurs and star-ups.
- Create common service facilities in public and private sector to serve the needs of Start Ups.
- Create Schemes that facilitate the acquisition or license of innovative technology and technology mapping for identifying patentable technology at national or international level.
- Create capacity in various fields required for successful Bio enterprises.



Biotechnology Ignition Grant (BIG) Scheme

Purpose:

Establish and validate of Proof of Concept

Encourage researchers to take technology closer to market through a Start Up

Target Groups:

Entrepreneurs from Academia or an Incubatee

(PhDs, Medical degree holders or Biomedical Engg. Graduates)

Support:

Grant-in-Aid limited up-to INR 50 Lakh Mentoring and hand-holding

Supports up-to Proof-of-Concept stage

Small Business Innovation Research Initiative - SBIRI

Objectives

To support early stage, proof-of-concept research

Mission

 Nurture innovative and emerging technologies/ entrepreneurs

Biotechnology Industry Partnership Programme- BIPP

Purpose:

- Govt. partnership with Industries
- Cost sharing basis
- For path-breaking research in frontier futuristic technology areas having major economic potential.
- Focused on IP creation
- IP ownership retained by Indian industry/collaborating scientists.

Support:

- For high risk, highly innovative accelerated technology
- •For nationally and socially relevant areas, with no assured market. \
- Provides for product evaluation and validation through support for field trial for agriculture products and clinical trials (Phase I, II, III) for health care products.
- Supporting research project for novel IP generation.

Target:

- Indian Biotech companies registered under Indian Company Act 1956
- •51% Indian shareholding (including NRI's)
- DSIR recognized R&D
- Apply independently or in collaboration with companies, not for Profit organisation or academics partners

Category - I

Products of high national and social relevance

Category - II

Products of high risk, high value IP

BIPP Categories for support

Category - III

Product evaluation & validation

Category - IV

Major facilities around technology platforms

Contract Research Scheme-CRS

Purpose:

Academia-industry interaction Industry to validate process or partner for specific research

Leads should be at a level which provides sufficient data for Scale up/Validation:

- Exploratory validation of technology
- Small scale contract research resulting in generating several batches of process or multiple prototypes
- Large scale validation of prototype to commercial design

Target Groups-

Research institutes,
Universities,
Public funded
research
Laboratories,
Governmental
organizations,
Research
foundations
AND
Companies /
industries

Company partner should have DSIR recognized R&D/Service unit(s)

Support:

- •Funds for validation of PoC
- •IP Services and Management
- Legal support:
 MTA, NDA, IP protection contracts,
 Licensing agreements

Bio-incubator Support Scheme-BISS

Purpose:

Strengthening and Upgradation of the existing Bio-incubators and also to establish New World Class Bio-incubators in certain strategic locations.

Target Groups:

Existing Bio-incubators across the countryNew Bioincubators

Support:

- Provide incubator space to Startups and Entrepreneurs.
- Provide access to a pool of special equipments in the Central Equipment Facility.
- Connect and facilitate Industry Academia Interaction
- Provide enabling services and required mentorship for IP and Technology Management, Legal and Contract, resource mobilization and networking platform.
- Governance models would be cooperative or autonomous.

Further details at:

http://www.birac.nic.in

http://www.dbtindia.nic.in

BIPP Overview and Key Elements of Effective Grant Writing

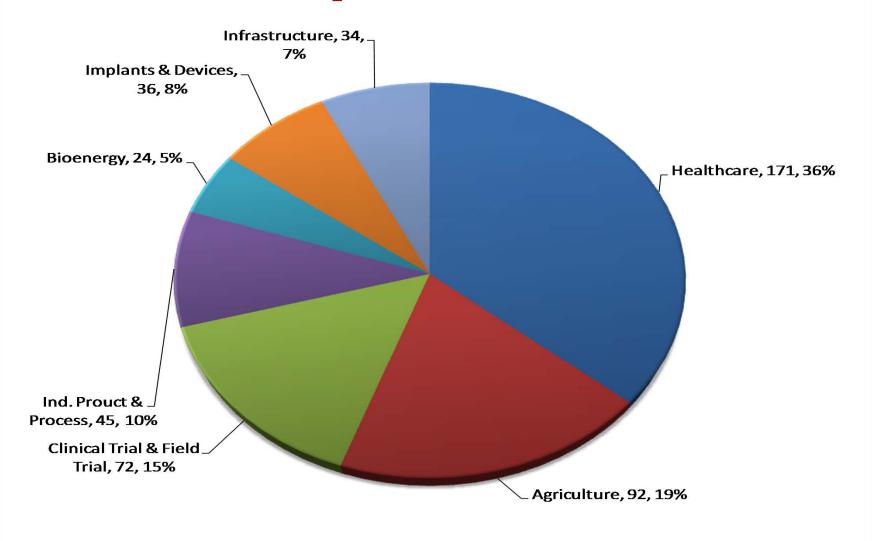
Dr. Purnima Sharma
Managing Director
Biotech Consortium India Limited
New Delhi

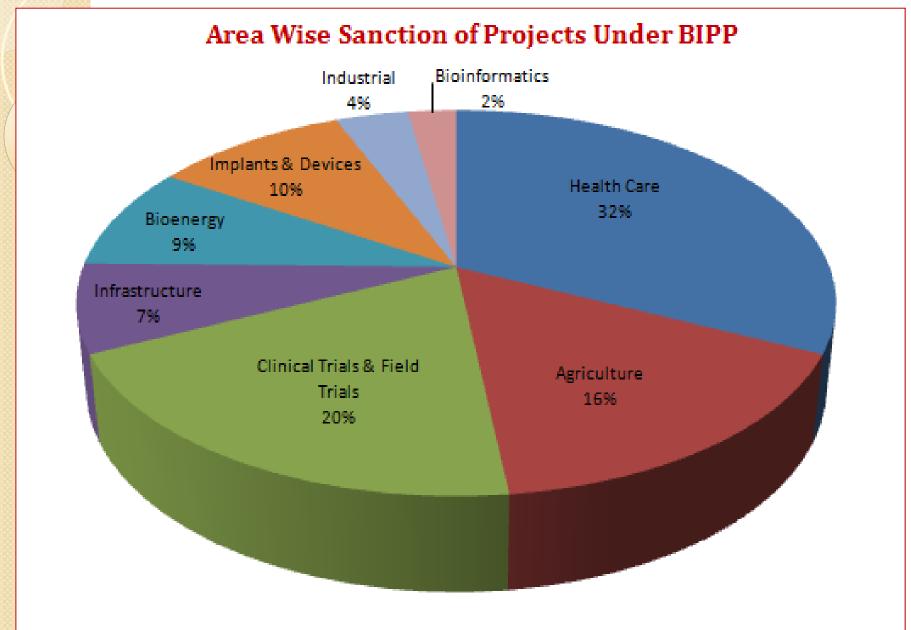
An Overview

- Scheme Launched ---- December 2008
- Total Number of Calls--21 (till March 2012)
 - ❖ Regular--- 10
 - ❖Special--- 11
- Number of Projects Received --- 551
- ❖ Number of Projects Approved --- > 90
- Total Budget Committed --- Approx Rs. 650 Crore
 - Company Contribution--- Rs. 430 Crore
 - **♦** BIPP Contribution--- **Rs. 220 Crore**

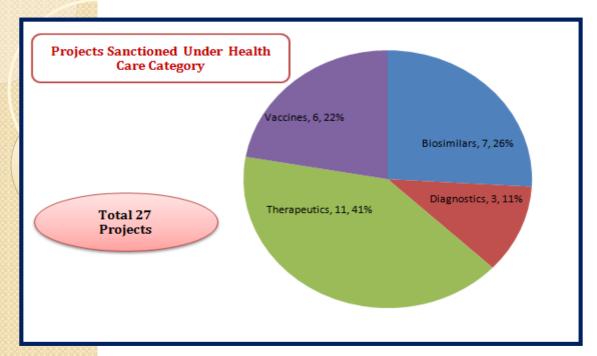


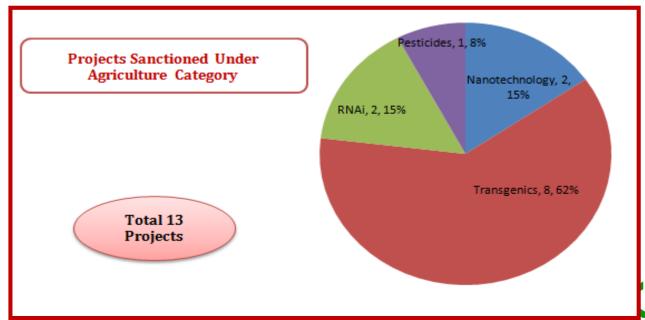
Total Proposals Received: 551

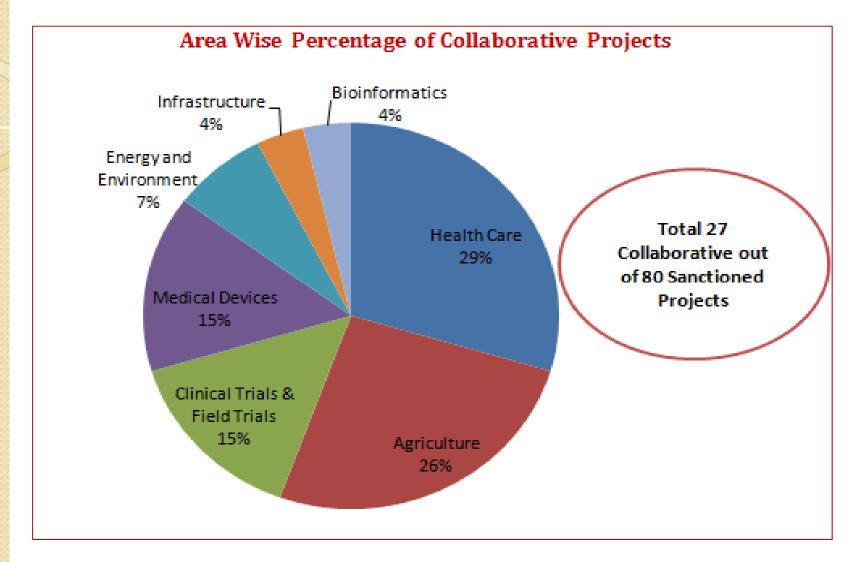














Key Elements of Effective Grant Writing

Play According To The Rules

Read the Guidelines

✓ Understand the Guidelines

✓ Follow the Guidelines



Following the Guidelines

- Make sure that you are eligible
- Read the instructions carefully
- Respond to all sections
- Cover all the topics
- Keep all preliminary & support data ready
- Use headings that correspond to guidelines



Next Step After Reading the Guidelines









Developing the Proposal: Points to be addressed

-Problem addressed Aim of the proposal

Relevance and importance of the proposed project

Status - Review

Scientific strategy & approach

Objectives

Plan of work

Expertise & infrastructure

Time lines

Outcome / deleverables



Identification of the problem

- It should be relevant
- There must be innovative approach to address the problem

Case study:

Major constraints to realize the potential yields of cotton

```
Yield losses due to

- H.armigera (20 – 60%)

- sucking pest (22 -35 %)

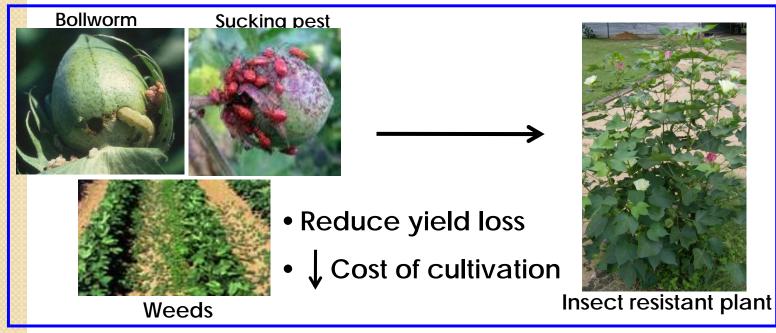
- weeds (15 – 30%)
```

Improving Bt-cotton for sucking pests and effective control of weeds is useful

Relevance and significance of the proposed project

- The problem is of great concern
- Addressing the problem will provide economic benefits to the society
- out come of the project solve the problem

Case study:



Improving insect tolerance and effective control of weeds has phenomenal significance

Criteria – commercial potential / societal relevance

How to address the problem review the status/options justify the approach proposed

Case study:

What are the options to improve the tolerance? ...

- Identifying resistant genotypes
- Integrated pest management (IPM)
- Genetic improvement
 - Transgenics
 - Molecular breeding

What is the status in the literature on these aspects

- a) Present status of IPM
- b) relevant resistant sources/ constraints
- c) Are there validated insecticidal proteins / genes
- d) Which is the effective herbicide do we have options to improve resistance to herbicide

Scientific strategy

What is the scientific strategy to address the problem

- Based on the existing scientific options
- Should be noval / innovative
- Implementable in time lines

Case study:

- There is no known sources of resistance
- Improving insect and herbicide resistance by transgenic approach is relevant
- Identify/relevant genes coding for insecticidal proteins
- (Cry1Ac & Garlic Lectin) and
- herbicide tolerant genes (igrA)
- co expressing by multigene constructs

Criteria –scientific merit

Two options

- ✓ Stack the genes by crossing by developing individual transgenics
 - Bt cotton
 - lectin cotton
 - herbicide tolerance cotton
- ✓ Transfer a cotton genotype
 - with multigene cassette with all the three genes

Multigene Construct is advantages because "one locus" no segregation

- √ Background IP
- ✓ Possibility of generating foreground IP
- ✓ Freedom To Operate to use genes, constructs

Criteria –innovativeness

TITLE of PROPOSAL

- The project title should be short, concise, and preferably refer to a certain key project result or the project activity
- Project titles that are too long or too general fail to give the reader an effective snapshot of what is inside
- It should be explanatory and define the essence of the
- It facilitates in assigning appropriate review groups

Example:



"co-expression of insecticidal protein cry1Ac, lectin and herbicide resistance gene igra to improve multiple biotic stress tolerance" – Title is more specific

It is clear from the title that simultaneous expression of specific genes is the focus to improve biotic stress tolerance in cotton. And thus, to address important constraint from insect and weeds.

Novelty of the scientific strategy

New approaches to achieve the goal using already validated approach

What is the novelty....?

- Simultaneously developing resistance to both H.armigera and sucking pests
- Value addition by managing the weeds
- Avoid antibiotic marker for selection
- All the genes is in single locus
- Cost effective / time saving

Criteria -innovativeness

What is the inventive step in the project

Develop a new approach / process to exploit the existing scientific knowledge

Case study:

The function of cry1Ac, Lectin and igrA is known

- a) Developing a strategy for developing multigene construct for co expression of cry1Ac, Garlic lectin and igrA
- b) Approach for transforming the multigene construct
- c) Suitable protocols for characterization of transgenics

Preliminary work done

Scientific data to support the proposed concept / scientific strategy

✓ It could be from the literature



✓ In-house - Experiments



Case study:

- Proof to support abilities to develop multigene constructs
- Proof to demonstrate the availability and ability to study bioeffecacy

Goal & objectives

Goal - To develop a product/process by addressing a constraint

Case study:

Goal - "Improving resistance to insect pest and herbicide"

Objectives:

What is proposed to achieve adapting a well defined plan of work or methodology

Case study:

- -Development of multigene construct with *Cry1AC*, *GL* (*Garlic lectin*) and *IgrA*
- -Development of transgenics with multigene construct and characterization of putative transformants
- -Evaluation of transgenics for better performance based on bio-efficacy

 Criteria –approach

Approach & Methodology Should be

- √ Adequately developed
- ✓ Well-Integrated
- ✓ Well-reasoned
- ✓ Appropriate to the aims of the project
- ✓ Realistic research plan with specific milestones
- ✓ Clarity on regulatory pathway
- √ Potential Problems and alternative strategies



Plan of work should address

- a. Conceptual frame work
- b. Design of the experiments
- c. Methodologies
 - a) To generate product/ process
 - b) Test the product process
- d. Components to be outsourced

Conceptual frame work

Genes

AGICAAGGCACATACAC
TICAGTCCGGTACTACTGT
IGITAGAGGACCCGGATT
CACGGGAGGAGACATT
CTICGTCGTACAAGTGGA
GGACCCTITGCTTACACT

ATCGTTAACATCAATG

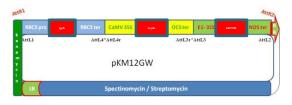
Transformation

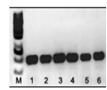


Characterization











Gene construct

Transformants

Characterization

Events

Field evaluation

Criteria -approach

Work plan

Elements of work to be implemented as per the proposed objectives

It is desirable to plan for work elements as objective wise transgenic development and evaluation

Objective: multigene construct

-Method and steps to develop construct

Objective: development of transgenics and their characterization

- -Protocols to be adapted and proposed selection
- -number of events to be generated
- -Evaluation of trasngenics
 - Molecular characteristion
 - Insect infestation / exposer

Objective: evaluation of the Bio-effecacy of transgenics

- Bioassays against insects
- Bioassay against herbicide

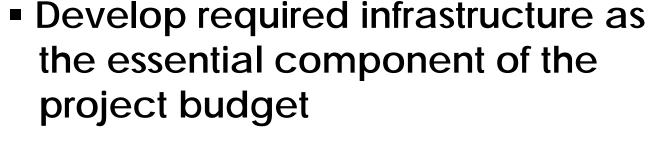
Criteria –approach & methodology

Expertise and infrastructure

Crucial to implement the objectives



- Critical assessment
- To bring in expertise by hiring





likely collaborators

Collaboration and public private partnership

In-spite of focused objectives and approaches often projects are not considered



Because of lack of expertise and infrastructure in proposed / specified area

We need to find collaborators for facilities and expertise



we should work together

Diverse expertise is needed

to address the research programmes

collaboration is the key



Recent concept is

Knowledge economy partnership

Academic institute

Sharing expertise by collaboration

Private R & D

Private industry

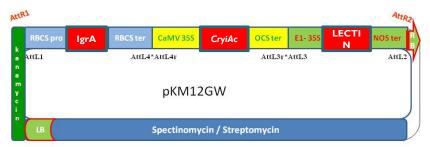
Time lines



- It is crucial to be realistic
- Transformation and development of transformants is species specific
- Bio-efficacy tests involves raising the plant material
- Number of transformants/events that needs to be evaluated in confinement facility

Out come/ deliverables

✓ Multigene expressing cassettes with specific genes



√ Transgenic events with multiple stress tolerant









Cotton transgenic event with Improved productivity



Other aspects

Budget

Should match

the work elements

Required for the project experiments

Consumables contingency

Justify based on the planned programme









Infrastructure

Budget

Should

- Be realistic and justifiable for the proposed work.
- Not be over/under budgeted
- Use same unit throughout the proposal
- Mention clearly Recurring and Non Recurring



Regulatory Issues

Clear understanding and conformity with regulatory requirements

- Approval from regulatory authorities
 - ✓ rDNA work
 - ✓ Clinical trials/ Field trials

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Technology Ownership

- ☐ License to the Technology
 - ✓ License to the main technology if in-licensed
 - ✓ License to components required for practicing technology
 - ✓ Clarity on terms of license
 - Use, Produce, Sell
 - Territory
 - IP ownership on improvements/ modifications

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Ownership of IP for Technology

With applicant company and not with employees

Clarity on IP sharing among collaborators

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Supporting Data

Should Have

- Collaborators details & relevant documents like (NDA/ MoU/ MTA/ License Agreements etc)
- Resumes of Pl's & Scientific Team
- Patents Status (FTO reports / Prior art search)
- Financial Statements of the company



Abstract / summary

Most important component

Should be concise

Should be one page

It should cover

- > Need / relevance / importance
- > Brief description of strategy / approaches/Novelty
- > Goals & objectives
- > Source of IP
- > Expected out come and also success indicators

THANK YOU!

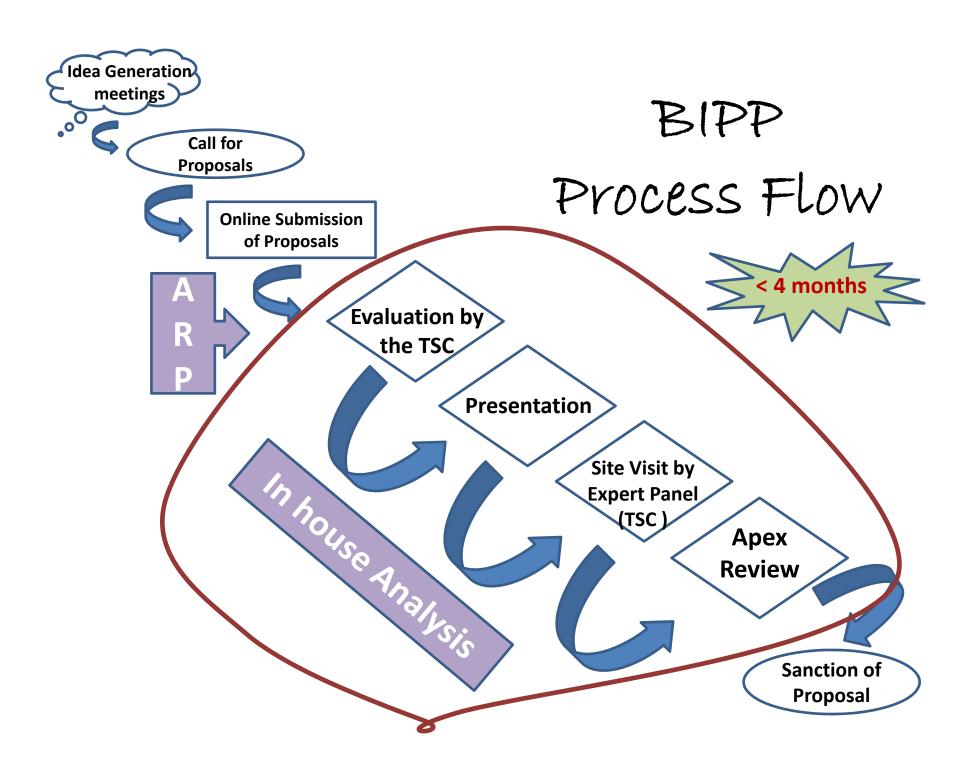


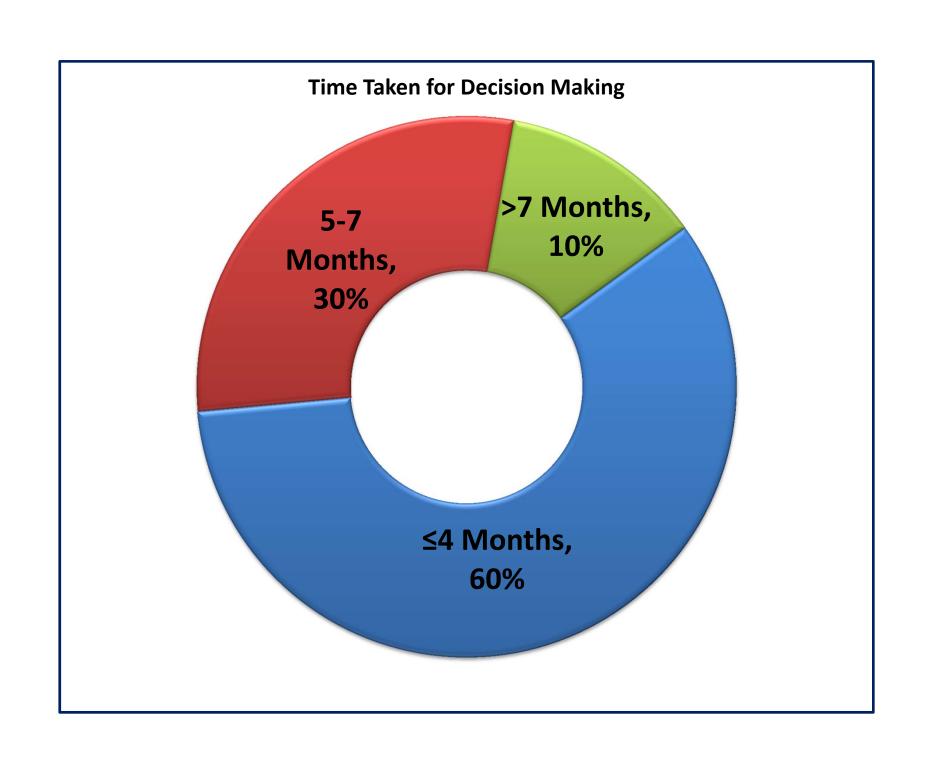
Mechanics of BIPP

Ms. Shilpy Kochhar

Deputy Manager

Biotech Consortium India Limited (BCIL)







Expert
Committee
Meetings on
priority areas

Discussions sessions chaired by Secretary, DBT Priority Agri Areas

H1N1 vaccine development Idea Generation Meetings

Secondary Agriculture

Biosimilars



Genesis of Special Calls

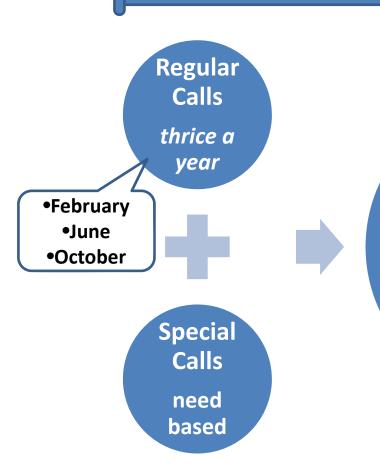


In house

discussions

Affordable
Health Care
Technologies
&
Products

Call for Proposals



21 Batches processed till date

10-Regular

11-Special

Regular Call is Currently Open Till 31st July, 2012

Information about an active callPublished in all national dailies

•Biotech magazines

• Can be accessed at any point of time from DBT/BIRAC /BCIL websites

Duration of Call: 30 - 45 days

Submission of Proposals



Online only

www.birapdbt.nic.in



- Requires only minimum details
- No upper limit to the number of users with one company

Choose the Relevant Call

- In case of multiple active calls, relevant call needs to be chosen
- Begin proposal submission by filling in the Basic Information Page.

- Final Submit
- Submit all the Forms (some forms follow a hierarchy and need to be submitted in a sequential manner only)
- Be careful about the information provided (in particular for the milestones and financial data)

Eligibility Issues



Primary Applicant

Eligible

- For Profit Company end of Any registered under Indian
 Companies Act 1956 company
- Minimum of 51% shareholding with Indians and/or NRIs

Ineligibles

Any entities other than registered company:

51% Proprietorship,
with Partnership, NPOs,
NGOs, Trust, Society,
Educational Institutes/
Universities, Any other

Collaborating Organizations:

- Another registered company
- Institute/University
- Trust/Society/NGO

DSIR Requirements

- DSIR recognition for the in-house R&D lab **mandatory** for the primary applicant as well as for all company type collaborators
- •In case, DSIR is unavailable, it is mandatory to have **applied to DSIR** before proposal submission
- •For incubatees:
 - •DSIR recognition of the incubator is considered as sufficient
 - •Tenure of Incubatee with the incubator should be more than the proposal duration

Submission of necessary documents is the key.

•ARP evaluation is completely online **Area Review** •First level of filtering based on scientific merit **Panel Evaluation** Health (ARP) Care Scale Clinical **Trials** Up Any other ARPs need based specialized review **Agricul Energy** -ture Field **Trials**

In house Expertise

Technical:

 A pool of scientists who prepare in-depth analysis reports/ SWOT Analysis for proposals

• IP Issues:

 BIRAP-BCIL IP cell examines each and every proposal to identify the potential hiccups in the path of research/commercialization

Due care of regulatory issues is taken and no project is sanctioned till regulatory requirements are met with

Technical Screening Committee (TSC)

TSC: Decision Making Body

TSC Review covers the following:

- Final decision on ARP Evaluation
- Review of Presentation by shortlisted ones
- Consideration of site visit reports
- Review of clarifications (as and when required)

TSC comprises eminent scientists from academic institutes and universities across the country

Site Visit:

Critical due diligence of the facts and figures



Technical

Team of subject specific experts in the area

Examination of facilities, manpower, budget, timelines, expertise......

Financial

An audit of the financial status of the company by a Chartered Accountant

Examination of the key aspects:
Liquidity, Profitability, Debts, Assets......

Apex Committee: Constitution and Review

- Final approving authority which recommends processing of a proposal for sanction by the DBT
- High level expert committee chaired by the Secretary, DBT
- Comprises members from different Ministries
- Consideration of Proposals recommended by TSC after exhaustive review process

Sanction and related processing

Acceptance of Offer

FinanceApproval

f Sanction Order Issuance

Necessary
Resolutions to be passed by the Board
Signing by all parties

e Agree-ment Signing अवस्य (१८१६)

Standard templates can be downloaded from BIRAP website

No LienAccountCollateral in favor of DBT

Release of Installment

Schedule for Release of Installments

Milestone based:

> 1st 30% (Signing of Agreement)

> 2nd 20%

> 3rd 20%

> 4th 20%

> 5th 10% (Completion of the Project)

Monitoring of Sanctioned Projects

PMC Constitution



Submission of MCR by the Company

(including detailed technical report, financial documents, Statement of Expenditure)



In case of delays, interim report is obtained from company, examined by the PMC and extension order issued Examination of Technical Report by the PMC and Financial Docs (incl. Bank statements, invoices etc.) by Financial Experts



Clarifications on the queries raised by PMC Members/FE



Release of Installment due upon satisfactory report from the PMC and FE



In case of short term projects, at least one site visit is ensured.

Site Visit prior to 3rd and Final Installment

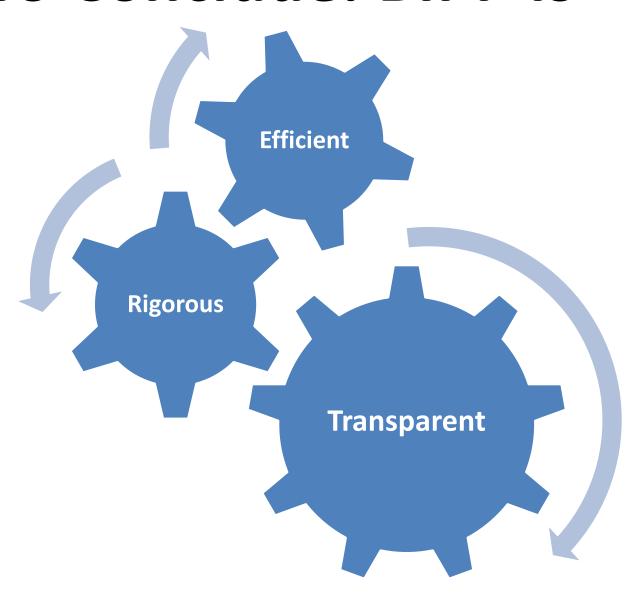


Presentation before TSC sometime between 3rd and Final installment

PMC members are also assigned the role of mentors, wherever felt necessary



To Conclude: BIPP is



THANK YOU

QUERIES, IF ANY ?????