Innovative R&D in Biotech Sector

Dr. Purnima Sharma Managing Director Biotech Consortium India Limited New Delhi



Biotech Consortium India Limited

INCORPORATED

PROMOTER

: 1990

: Department of Biotechnology,

Government of India & All India Financial Institutions

| Project Management | Consultancy | Technology Transfer | Certification Services |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Biosafety | Information Services | IP Management | Human Resource Development |

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Secretary, Department of Biotechnology, Government of India/ Nominee.
- DG, Indian Council of Agricultural Research /Nominee.
- DG, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research/Nominee.
- Representatives of Financial Institutions (UTI, IFCI, IDBI).
- Individual Experts (Former Secretary DBT, Govt. of India & Former Director, CDRI, Lucknow).
- Directors from 2 Biotechnology companies.

STRENGTHS OF BCIL

- **Technically qualified team**
- **Extensive experience**
- **□** Equipped with latest Information Technology Tools
- **State of the art patent and non-patent databases**
- **Extensive network with subject matter experts**
- **Extensive network with Biotechnology Industry**

Services Offered by BCIL for Promoting Technologies & Innovation





"To Stimulate, foster and enhance the strategic research and innovation capabilities of the Indian biotech industry particularly SME's, to make India globally competitive in biotech innovation and entrepreneurship, for creation of affordable products addressing the needs of the largest section of society."



- Fostering innovation and Enterprise Building:
 - Fostering Innovation
 - Knowledge, Technology Mapping and Management
 - Technology Transfer, Licensing and Acquisition
- Provide enabling services for promoting the innovation ecosystem

• Build Strategic Alliances – National & International

How does BIRAC accomplish its Mission

Ensuring Entitlements

- Ignite new Ideas- Biotech Ignition Grant Scheme (BIG)
- Support early stage research for proof of concept validation – Small Business Innovation Research Initiative (SBIRI)
- Partnership with industry for high risk discovery led innovation research – Biotechnology Industry Partnership Programme (BIPP)
- Facilitating technology validation and development – Contract Research Scheme (CRS)

Empowering for Achieving Excellence

- Create world class quality Incubation space (Bio-incubators) for entrepreneurs and star-ups.
- Create common service facilities in public and private sector to serve the needs of Start Ups.
- Create Schemes that facilitate the acquisition or license of innovative technology and technology mapping for identifying patentable technology at national or international level.
- Create capacity in various fields required for successful Bio enterprises.

Biotechnology Ignition Grant (BIG) Scheme

Purpose:

Establish and validate of Proof of Concept

Encourage researchers to take technology closer to market through a Start Up

Target Groups:

Entrepreneurs from Academia or an Incubatee

(PhDs, Medical degree holders or Biomedical Engg. Graduates)

Support:

Grant-in-Aid limited up-to INR 50 Lakh Mentoring and hand-holding

Supports up-to Proof-of-Concept stage

SBIRI

- Launched: 2005
- Focus on SMEs and early stage R&D
- Funding available in Phases
- Phase-I easily extendable to Phase-II
- Provision for Grants and/or soft loans with easy repayment schedules

SBIRI-

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

- An Indian Company
 - Alone or
 - In collaboration with National Institutes/ Universities
- JVs, Limited Partnership Firms

Registered under The Companies Act, 1956
Minimum of 51% shareholding with Indians
DSIR recognition/ IPR ownership on proposed work

SBIRI PHASE-I

Support for Early Stage Research Leads

| PROJECT COST | SUPPORT | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Grants –in-aid | Soft Loan (interest free) | | |
| Up to Rs 25 Iakhs | 80% of the project cost | | | |
| Rs 25 to Rs 100 lakhs | 50% of the project cost | | | |
| Beyond Rs 100 Iakhs | Rs 50 lakhs | Upto 50% of the amount by which the total project cost exceeds Rs 100 lakh (maximum Rs 50 lakh) | | |

SBIRI PHASE-II

For Product & process development, validation studies, field trials, commercialization

| Loan amount | Interest Rate (simple) | |
|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| Upto Rs 100 lakhs | 1% | |
| up to Rs 10 crore | 2% | |

SBIRI- PHASE I&II

- If R&D and product development are simultaneously proposed
- Maximum of Rs 50 lakhs grant and soft loan up to 10 crores

BIPP

- Launched: December 2008
- An Advanced Technology Scheme
- Covers the entire spectrum of product development
- For all sizes of companies: Small, Medium and Large

BIPP (Contd..)

- Regular and special/need based calls for proposals throughout the year
- Varying models of grant and/or loans offered
- IP rights vested with the company
- Repayment
 - Loan: 10 equal half yearly instalments
 - Grant: 5% royalty for 5 years capped to twice the amount

BIPP:

Categories & Type of Support

| Category | Grant-in-aid | Loan (Rol) | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--|
| ا Products of high national and social relevance | V | √ (2-3%)* | |
| II Products of high risk, high value IP | V | √ (2-3 %) | |
| III Product evaluation & validation | V | √ (2-3%) | |
| IV Major facilities around technology platforms | X | √ (5-6%) | |

* 2% - Upto Rs. 10 crores, 3% - >Rs. 10 crores

BIPP - Eligibility Issues

registered



Primary Applicant

| El | igi | b | e |
|----|-------------|---|---|
| | ' 6' | | |

IneligiblesAny entities other

For Profit Company
 Any registered under Indian
 Companies Act 1956
 Minimum of 51%
 Prop shareholding with
 Indians and/or NRIs
 NGO

6 company:
51% Proprietorship,
with Partnership, NPOs,
NGOs, Trust, Society,
Educational Institutes/
Universities, Any other

Collaborating Organizations:

- Another registered company
- Institute/University
- Trust/Society/NGO

DSIR Requirements

• DSIR recognition for the in-house R&D lab **mandatory** for the primary applicant as well as for all company type collaborators

•In case, DSIR is unavailable, it is mandatory to have **applied to DSIR** before proposal submission

•For incubatees:

- •DSIR recognition of the incubator is considered as sufficient
- •Tenure of Incubatee with the incubator should be more than the proposal duration

Contract Research Scheme- CRS

Purpose:

Academia-industry interaction Industry to validate process or partner for specific research

Leads should be at a level which provides sufficient data for Scale up/Validation:

• Exploratory validation of technology

• Small scale contract research resulting in generating several batches of process or multiple prototypes

• Large scale validation of prototype to commercial design

Target Groups-

Research institutes, Universities, Public funded research Laboratories, Governmental organizations, Research foundations AND Companies / industries

Company partner should have DSIR recognized R&D/Service unit(s)

Support:

•Funds for validation of PoC

•IP Services and Management

• Legal support: MTA, NDA, IP protection contracts, Licensing agreements

Bio-incubator Support Scheme-BISS

Purpose:

Strengthening and Upgradation of the existing Bio-incubators and also to establish New World Class Bio-incubators in certain strategic locations.

Target Groups:

Existing Bio-incubators across the country
New Bioincubators

Support:

• Provide incubator space to Startups and Entrepreneurs.

• Provide access to a pool of special equipments in the Central Equipment Facility.

• Connect and facilitate Industry – Academia Interaction

• Provide enabling services and required mentorship for IP and Technology Management, Legal and Contract, resource mobilization and networking platform.

• Governance models would be cooperative or autonomous.

BIPP Overview and Key Elements of Effective Grant Writing

An Overview

 Scheme Launched --- December 2008 Total Number of Calls-- 21 (till March 2012) **Regular--- 10** Special--- 11 Number of Projects Received ----551 Number of Projects Approved ----> 90 Total Budget Committed --- Approx Rs. 650 Crore * Company Contribution--- Rs. 430 Crore ✤BIPP Contribution--- Rs. 220 Crore











Key Elements of Effective Grant Writing

Play According To The Rules

 \checkmark Read the Guidelines

✓ Understand the Guidelines

✓ Follow the Guidelines

Following the Guidelines

- Make sure that you are eligible
- Read the instructions carefully
- Respond to all sections
- Cover all the topics
- Keep all preliminary & support data ready
- Use headings that correspond to guidelines

Next Step After Reading the Guidelines



Developing the Proposal : Points to be addressed

-Problem addressed Aim of the proposal

Relevance and importance of the proposed project

Status – Review

Scientific strategy & approach

Objectives

Plan of work

Expertise & infrastructure

Time lines

Outcome / deleverables

Regulatory Issues

 Clear understanding and conformity with regulatory requirements

Approval from regulatory authorities

- ✓ rDNA work
- ✓ Clinical trials/ Field trials

Technology Ownership

License to the Technology

- ✓ License to the main technology if in-licensed
- License to components required for practicing technology
- \checkmark Clarity on terms of license
 - Use, Produce, Sell
 - Territory
 - IP ownership on improvements/ modifications

Ownership of IP for Technology

With applicant company and not with employees

□ Clarity on IP sharing among collaborators

THANK YOU !


Mechanics of BIPP

Ms. Shilpy Kochhar Deputy Manager Biotech Consortium India Limited (BCIL)







Call for Proposals



21 Batches processed till date 10-Regular 11-Special Regular Call is Currently Open Till 31st July, 2012

Information about an active call

Published in all national dailies
Biotech magazines

Can be accessed at any point of time from DBT/BIRAC /BCIL websites



Eligibility Issues

registered



Primary Applicant

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|---|-----|----|----|----|---|
| | | 'D | | | |

• Any entities other

For Profit Company
 Any registered under Indian
 Companies Act 1956
 Minimum of 51%
 Propreshareholding
 Indians and/or NRIs
 NGOs

| company: | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Proprietorship, | | | | |
| Partnership, NPOs, | | | | |
| NGOs, Trust, Society, | | | | |
| Educational Institutes/ | | | | |
| Universities, Any other | | | | |

Collaborating Organizations:

- Another registered company
- Institute/University
- Trust/Society/NGO

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Submission of necessary documents is the key.



In house Expertise

• Technical:

- A pool of scientists who prepare in-depth analysis reports/ SWOT Analysis for proposals
- IP Issues:
 - BIRAP-BCIL IP cell examines each and every proposal to identify the potential hiccups in the path of research/ commercialization

Due care of regulatory issues is taken and no project is sanctioned till regulatory requirements are met with

Technical Screening Committee (TSC)

TSC: Decision Making Body

TSC Review covers the following:

- Final decision on ARP Evaluation
- Review of Presentation by shortlisted ones
- Consideration of site visit reports
- Review of clarifications (as and when required)

TSC comprises eminent scientists from academic institutes and universities across the country

Site Visit:

Critical due diligence of the facts and figures



Technical

Team of subject specific experts in the area

Examination of facilities, manpower, budget, timelines, expertise......

Financial

An audit of the financial status of the company by a Chartered Accountant

Examination of the key aspects: Liquidity, Profitability, Debts, Assets......

Apex Committee: Constitution and Review

- Final approving authority which recommends processing of a proposal for sanction by the DBT
- High level expert committee chaired by the Secretary, DBT
- Comprises members from different Ministries
- Consideration of Proposals recommended by TSC after exhaustive review process

Sanction and related processing



Schedule for Release of Installments

Milestone based:

| 1 st | 30% (Signing of Agreement) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 2 nd | 20% |
| 3 rd | 20% |
| 4 th | 20% |
| 5 th | 10% (Completion of the Project) |



PMC members are also assigned the role of mentors, wherever felt necessary



THANK YOU

QUERIES, IF ANY ?????

Enabling Biotechnology Innovation Regime in the Country

Dr Jitendra Kumar Vice President, Life Science Incubator, IKP Knowledge Park, Hyderabad

July 10, 2012



Role of Various Agencies in Boosting Innovation



Focus on

- Developing a congenial macro- environment with enabling legal, fiscal, regulatory, IPR, R&D, education and industrial policies
- National R&D Infrastructure
- Capacity Building

Focus on

- Regional/state level policies
- Specializations and locational strengths
- Knowledge infrastructure- Universities & R&D institutions

Focus on

- Innovation clusters /S&T Parks, Incubators
- Common infrastructure power, communication, transportation, healthcare, education, recreation



Role of Incubators & Science Parks

- Tool for regional development goals to be aligned with aspirations, growth strategy, available resources
- STPs manage the regional innovation ecosystem by promoting innovative companies through high end infrastructure and knowledge flow between industry and academia
- Incubators help start high risk high potential enterprises that need support to maximize chance of success
 - 80% of incubated cos in US survive for at least 3 years compared to around 35% for non-incubated companies (source: NBIA, USA)
 - Provides early stage companies with enabling
 - Infrastructure, space and facilities
 - Technology/IP
 - Business and management tools and training, mentoring
 - Finance
 - These functions can be in-house or in partnership
- Set up near university/R&D Institution /innovation cluster



Elements of an Innovation Cluster





Indian Life Science Clusters





Life Science Incubation Landscape in India

- Around 150 Incubators and Science & Technology Parks in India
- ~44 incubate life sciences startups; 16 dedicated to life sciences
- ~ 200 LS Incubatees
- Access to Govt Seed Fund Rs 5 lacs to Rs 50 lacs USD 10K to 100K





Role of STPs in Emerging Economies

- Apart from being regional high tech growth drivers, STPs in emerging economies can play a proactive role in
 - Selecting the direction of technology development
 - Ensuring that it is inclusive and sustainable
 - Integrating the technologies with emerging markets and societal needs
 - Promoting inclusive innovation
 - Encouraging commercialization of grassroots innovation and indigenous knowledge
 - Ensuring that incentives flow to innovator and rural community
 - Capacity building
 - Raising seed fund for promoting early stage ventures
 - Forming global partnerships with STPs of other countries to
 - Disseminate information on technology development, adoption and use
 - Share good practices
 - Help set up proven structures for success



Some Focus Areas for Biotech Innovation

- Information & Communication Technologies for Biotech
 - Web based, mobile platforms
- Pharma, Healthcare
 - Affordable rapid diagnostics, point-of-care diagnostics, devices that can be used with low skill and training
 - ICT based health delivery solutions for underserved /remote areas
 - Vaccines and medicines for diseases of the poor
 - Orphan drugs
 - Nutraceuticals, fortified food, functional food
 - Herbal medicine
 - Clean drinking water
 - Animal health technologies
- Clean energy technologies
 - Renewable energy, storage, local distribution networks
- Eco-environment protection
 - Waste treatment, remediation, recycling
- Green processes clean, water efficient
- Agriculture, food processing



IKP Knowledge Park

- India's first Wet Lab Research Park in Hyderabad
- Mission : To create a world-class centre for leading-edge businessdriven research
- Objective : To encourage and nurture an environment for innovation by developing a life science park
- Focus areas : biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, new materials and telecommunications
- Founders : ICICI Bank & Govt Andhra Pradesh
- Structure : Not for profit
- Ownership : 100% by IKP Trust
- Operational : Since June 2000
- On Offer : Leased land, Lab space, Incubator labs /office space (dedicated equipped lab and or office space, shared equipment, mentorship, seed fund)



IKP Knowledge Park eco-system





What IKP Offers

- Ready-to-use modular wet laboratories
 - Core, Shell & Utilities and fully furnished options
 - 84,000 sq ft of lab space in 140,000 sq ft of building operational
- Developed land to create custom-built research centres
 - Around 80 acres for 51 years lease
- Incubation Facility and mentorship for Start ups





Profile of Companies at IKP

64 companies/organisations so far

- 17 Graduated
- 47 Present 24 companies with labs, 11 have office space, 2 R&D Centres taken land, 10 associates





Companies at IKP





Life Science Incubator (LSI)

- Objective
 - To nurture innovative startup R&D companies, spin offs and scientist entrepreneurs in life sciences and thereby increase the competitiveness of the region and the country
- Thrust Areas
 - Pharmaceuticals, biotechnology, medical diagnostics, chemistry
- Partly funded by DST and DBT
- Operational since January 2006
- What we offer
 - Ready to use lab space, shared equipment, office space, mentoring and networking services, seed fund



High Opportunity for Startups & SMEs

28 startups, 7 SMEs

- 12 have Seed Funding
- 5 received SBIRI /BIPP
- 1 Wellcome Trust Funding
- 2 SMEs received VC funding
- Moving from a classical "Space+" Incubator concept to "Mentoring & Funding+" Incubation
 - Able to attract 19 companies /innovators in 2011-12 compared to around 4 companies in each of the previous years
 - Possible due to change of incubation model
 - Providing office space to startup having labs elsewhere
 - Mentoring companies not located in the same city



IKP Technology Licensing Office

- Preparing database of IP available in institutions in India and some outside for technology transfer
- Preparing database on IP needs of Indian SMEs
- Partnering with R&D Institutions in identifying potential technologies for commercialization through licensing or spin outs
- Partnering with institutions for technology identification and technology shows



Garden of Life











National Award for best Incubator- 2007





IKP Innovation and Growth Strategy




Thank You

Erstwhile ICICI Knowledge Park







EFFECTIVE GRANT WRITING SKILLS

Dr S Chandrasekhar, FASc., FNASc., Chief Scientist and Head Division of Natural Products Chemistry CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology July 10th 2012

1 Funding agencies Govt. of India



- All India Council for Technical Education (ACTE)
- Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)
- Dept of Ayurvedic, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy (AYUSH)
- Dept of Biotechnology (DBT)
 - Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Programme (BIRAP)
 - Biotechnology Industry Partnership Programme (BIPP)
 - Small Business Innovative Research Initiative (SBIRI)
 - Biotechnology Ignition Grant (BIG)
- Dept of Science and Technology (DST)
- Dept of Scientific & Industrial Research (DSIR)
- Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)

Do keep looking for calls in newspapers and websites of these agencies for submitting proposals

Basis of proposal



A Good idea

- Idea which is novel and significant
- Idea which is relevant
- Idea which is in news
- Idea which can bring together industry and academic institutions
- Idea which has reached a stage of maturity

Salient features for impressive proposal

- Significance and importance of work
- Specific and well defined aim
- Well researched and presented proposal
- Appropriate credentials
 - Company credentials
 - Bio-sketch of team matching proposal requirements
- Relevant preliminary data
- Clarity of the proposed work
- All the required documents in format
- Proposal to meet agency priorities
- Utilize the expertise of academicians, as consultants, working in relevant areas

Contents critical to submitting proposal

- Title of the Project
- Proposal duration
- Company details
- Project coordinator and team details
- Proposal summary
- IP
- Ourrent status of research
- Anticipated outcome/deliverables
- Proposal milestones/Gantt chart
- Sudget

Never include any confidential information as the proposal is circulated among experts for comments

Title and duration of proposal

Title

- Should be precise and interesting
- Should not be too long nor too short (one or two words)
- Should convey the work proposed

Ouration

- Should be justified for the study proposed
- Should contain goals which are achievable





Company and team details

- Company
 - All relevant documents
- Project Coordinator
 - Expertise
 - Training
 - Accomplishments
- Team
 - Compatibility
 - Complimentarity
- Government recognitions
 - DSIR recognition for facility
 - Pollution board clearance for operations
 - Ethical committee approvals for animal studies
 - Any other relevant approvals



Proposal



Novelty

- Solution to an existing problem
- New idea
- Inventive step
 - New methodology
 - Application with lesser steps involved
- Scope of industrial application
 - Feasible process
 - Scale-up potential for a manufacturing process
 - Cost-effectiveness
 - Applicability



Proposal



- National/international importance
 - Update on the available literature
 - Targeted section of society
- Social relevance
 - How proposal plans to help society
- Market potential
 - National
 - International
 - Market survey of the product(s) to be launched/ included in the proposal is very essential
- Risk factors
 - Chances of failure
 - Chances of not meeting timelines



IP issues

- Expected new IP
- Who owns the new IP
- How existing IP avoided?
- Outcome of the project
 - Patents expected
 - Publications expected
- How collaborators plan to share IP?





Literature



- Basis of proposal
- Related literature
- Gaps in available literature that can be filled
- How the proposal is different from existing literature
- Current status





SIMPLE

- **S**pecific-What to expect
- Immediate-time frame for each goal
- Measureable-what will be used to measure success
- Practical-how proposal plans to provide solution to a problem
- Logical-how each step in proposal helps achieve the final goal
- Evaluable-what changes can make proposal effective





Realistic goals

 What can be achieved in 6 months, 1 year and so on

• Time specific measurable goals

 Based on what can be achieved in the defined period



Budget

- Equipment
 - Include only those which donot exist with the company
 - Include those that are essential and justified for the proposal
 - In case of costly equipment which can be outsourced from a national institute, include the cost of outsourcing
- Manpower
 - Account for salaries as per government guidelines
- Consumables
 - Enlist only those required for proposal
- Outsourcing
 - Ask only for what is not available/feasible with you
- Travel and other expenditures
 - Only if required
- Explain and justify every item

Ask for a budget which can be justified rather than asking for a higher budget and then accepting for cutting costs



Tips before submission

- Read proposal critically
- Take help in proof reading to avoid spelling mistakes
- Ask for help from peers/ co-workers to comment on the overall proposal
- Try to find answers for the questions/points raised
- Check if all the documents/ supporting information is as per specification
- Incubation centres have more visibility, company can plan to invest in laboratories/ smaller facilities in these



Collaborate with academic partner

Submit proposal after a thorough review (make sure all the required documents are ready and in the format prescribed)



Funds for innovation - Grant proposal



Prof. M. UDAYAKUMAR Department of Crop Physiology UAS, GKVK, Bangalore 560 065

10-07-2012



Funds for Innovation



Innovation has been the steering force for progress



Civilized society always excited with

Discovery



Invention



Innovation



Discoveries are always exciting !!











A creation (a new device or process) resulting from experimentation / discovery



James Watt

Graham Bell

Innovation

Invention when improves some product, process or service for the public, then that invention transforms into an innovation.







Quest for knowledge

Research and development is no more for inquisitiveness

R & D is for societal benefit





It is need driven



Need

Ideas & Approaches



Funding



Drives the Invention and Innovation



Why funding ?



Infrastructure



Knowledge acquisition



Man power



Instruments



Interaction

Where the funds come from ?



Is the modern society

keen to promote science ? Innovation ?



At whom we look for funding?





Funding Agencies in India



Central Govt. Agencies

State agencies





Industries

Foundations / private trust



Government proposed to double the financial allocation for science and technology from the present 1% (Rs. 252 billion) of the GDP to 2%



December 3rd, 2008

INSPIRE: Innovative Initiative





Innovation in Science Pursuit for Inspired Research

Science and Innovation Scholarship to One Million people Attract talent to Science at an early stage Commitment for 20 years

Up-stream End Interventions through INSPIRE for Motivation of Youth in Science



R & D organizations



mainly public sectors

(Institutions/universities)



University of Agricultural Sciences

 Made significant contribution in knowledge generation and discovery and to some extent inventions

Translating the discovery/inventions to innovative product/process For social benefit is the missing link



Industry

Drives the innovations to develop products / processes



Several funding agencies to promote science





Discovery, Invention



Do we have agencies to promote invention / innovations by private sectors?

Innovation leading to product / process development

Has phenomenal impact on economy & social benefit



Innovation by industry

needs to be nurtured & supported



What are funding agencies supporting this cause

• TDB – DST (Mandate is different)

• Are there any others?

BIRAC

Biotechnology Industry Research Assistant Council

A unique initiative to promote growth of Indian biotech industry



BIPP (Biotechnology industry partnership programme) is a crucial component of BIRAC


Vision

To Stimulate, foster and enhance the strategic research and innovation capabilities of the Indian biotech industry particularly SME's





Biotech industry partnership programme

Provides support to innovative programme of the industry

To get the support from any funding agency

It is crucial

a) Areas of funding by the agencyb) Problem identified should meet the aim /goal (philosophy) of the agency

BIPP - Categories of Programmes





- Category I Areas with major social relevance but having uncertainty
- Category II High risk discovery innovation research
 - Category III Evaluation and validation of already existing products of high national importance



Containment facilities

Category IV – Shared cost major facilities



To transform a discovery / invention to a product



Bt cotton

The first step of the inventor

is

a) Problem identification and steps to achieve the goal

b) Develop project proposal for funding to achieve the goal

Grant proposal writing and its presentation has phenomenal significance







Proposal needs to address

-Problem addressed Aim of the proposal

Relevance and importance of the proposed project

Status – Review

Scientific strategy & approach

Objectives

Plan of work

Expertise infrastructure

Time lines

Outcome / deleverables



The proposal need to be developed

Keeping in view the evaluation criteria of the project

- Significance / Scientific Merit
- Approach and Methodology
- Innovativeness
- Intellectual Property
- Commercial Potential/ Societal Relevance
- Investigators credentials
- Adequacy of Research Infrastructure

Identification of the problem

- It should be relevant
- There must be innovative approach to address the problem

Case study:

Major constraints to realize the potential yields of cotton

| Yield losses due to | |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| - H.armigera | (20 – 60%) |
| sucking pest | (22 -35 %) |
| - weeds | (15 – 30%) |

Improving Bt-cotton

for sucking pests and effective control of weeds is useful

Criteria - Significance

Relevance and significance of the proposed project

- The problem is of great concern
- Addressing the problem will have economic benefits to the society
- out come of the project solve the problem

Case study:



Improving insect tolerance and effective control of weeds has phenomenal significance

Criteria – commercial potential / societal relevance

How to address the problem review the status/options justify the approach proposed

Case study:

What are the options to improve the tolerance ? ...

- Identifying resistant genotypes
- Integrated pest management (IPM)
- Genetic improvement
 - Transgenics
 - Molecular breeding

What is the status in the literature on these aspects

- a) Present status of IPM
- b) relevant resistant sources/ constraints
- c) Are there validated insecticidal proteins / genes
- d) Which is the effective herbicide do we have options to improve resistance to herbicide

Scientific strategy

What is the scientific strategy to address the problem

Based on the existing scientific options
Should be noval / innovative
Implementable in time lines

Case study:

- There is no known sources of resistance
- Improving insect and herbicide resistance by transgenic approach is relevant
- Identify/relevant genes coding for insecticidal proteins
- (Cry1Ac & Garlic Lectin) and
- herbicide tolerant genes (igrA)
- co expressing by multigene constructs

✓Stack the genes by crossing by developing individual transgenics

- Bt cotton
- lectin cotton
- herbicide tolerance cotton

✓Transfer a cotton genotype

- with multigene cassette with all the three genes

Multigene Construct is advantages because "one locus" no segregation

Criteria – innovativeness

Novelty of the scientific strategy

New approaches to achieve the goal using already validated approach

What is the novelty....?

- Simultaneously developing resistance to both *H.armigera* and sucking pests
- Value addition by managing the weeds
- Avoid antibiotic marker for selection
- All the genes is in single locus
- Cost effective / time saving

What is the invention step in the project

Develop a new approach / process to exploit the existing scientific knowledge

Case study:

The function of cry1Ac, Lectin and igrA is known

- a) Developing a strategy for developing multigene construct for co expression of *cry1Ac*, Garlic lectin and *igrA*
- b) Approach for transforming the multigene construct
- c) Suitable protocols for characterization of transgenics

 Are they any initial studies by the group (collaborative groups)

✓ Are they any In-house - Experiments



Case study:

Relevance of the proposed study

Proof to support abilities to develop multigene constructs

Proof for abilities to do transformation in target crop

Proof to demonstrate the availability and ability to study bioeffecacy

Goal & objectives

Goal – To develop a product/process by addressing a constraint

Case study:

Goal - " Improving resistance to insect pest and herbicide"

Objectives:

What is proposed to achieve adapting a well defined plan of work or methodology

Case study:

-Development of multigene construct with Cry1AC, GL (Garlic lectin) and IgrA

- -Development of transgenics with multigene construct and characterization of putative transformants
- -Evaluation of transgenics for better performance based on bio-efficacy Criteria –approach

Plan of work should address

- a. Conceptual frame work
- b. Design of the experiments
- c. Methodologies
 - a) To generate product/ process
 - b) Test the product process
- d. Components to be outsourced



Work plan

Elements of work to be implemented as per the proposed objectives It is desirable to plan for work elements as objective wise

Case study:

transgenic development and evaluation

Objective: multigene construct

-Method and steps to develop construct

Objective: development of transgenics and their characterization

- -Protocols to be adapted and proposed selection
- -number of events to be generated
- -Evaluation of trasngenics
 - Molecular characteristion
 - Insect infestation / ex[poser

Objective: evaluation of the Bio-effecacy of transgenics

- Bioassays against insects
- Bioassay against herbicide

Expertise and infrastructure

Crucial to implement the objectives



- Critical assessment
- To bring in expertise by hiring



- Develop required infrastructure as the essential component of the project budget
- likely collaborators

Collaboration and public private partnership

In-spite of focused objectives and approaches often projects are not considered



Because of lack of expertise and infrastructure in proposed / specified area

We need to find collaborators for facilities and expertise



- we should work together







- It is crucial to be realistic
- Transformation and development of transformants is species specific
- Bio-efficacy tests involves rising the plant material
- Number of transformants/events that needs to be evaluated in confinement facility

Innovativeness of the project

Does the project generate noval concept?

From the existing scientific knowledge / inventions developing a product



Out come/ deliverables

✓ Multigene expressing cassettes with specific genes



✓ Transgenic events with multiple stress tolerant









TITLE of PROPOSAL

- The project title should be short, concise, and preferably refer to a certain key project result or the project activity
- Project titles that are too long or too general fail to give the reader an effective snapshot of what is inside
- It should be explanatory and define the essence of the Project

Example:



Multi technological interventions to develop various biotic stress tolerant cotton for International markets" - Title is diffused

"co-expression of insecticidal protein cry1Ac, lectin and herbicide resistance gene igra to improve multiple biotic stress tolerance" – Title is more specific

It is clear from the title that simultaneous expression of specific genes is the focus to improve biotic stress tolerance in cotton. And thus, to address important constraint from insect and weeds.

Other aspects

Budget

Man power





Should match

Equipments]



Infrastructure

Required for the project experiments

the work elements

Consumables Justify base

Justify based on the planned programme





Important for transgenic work even for the molecular breeding

FTO – for

- genes / construct etc
- QTL , QTL donors

Abstract / summary

Most important component

Should be concise Should be one page

It should cover

- Need / relevance / importance
- > Brief description of strategy / approaches
- Goals & objectives
- > The amount of funding that is being sought
- Expected out come and also success indicators

Funds for innovation

In-summary

has phenomenal significance

- A comprehensive proposal needs to be developed
 - Problem / relevance
 - Approach to inplement
 - Out come / deliverables

Thank you